

Challenges of Transpiling Smalltalk to JavaScript



Noury Bouraqadi & Dave Mason



Why Transpile Smalltalk to JavaScript?

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ST

Simple & clean semantics

Rich IDE & core libraries

JS

Ubiquitous deployment

Performance

Large ecosystem

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ST

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- ST + JS = Best of both worlds
- Smalltalk community interest in the Web/JavaScript
 - ESUG Main Track Talk **Smalltalk for the Web**

Wednesday
July 2nd 2025

Transpilation = TRANSlation & comPILATION

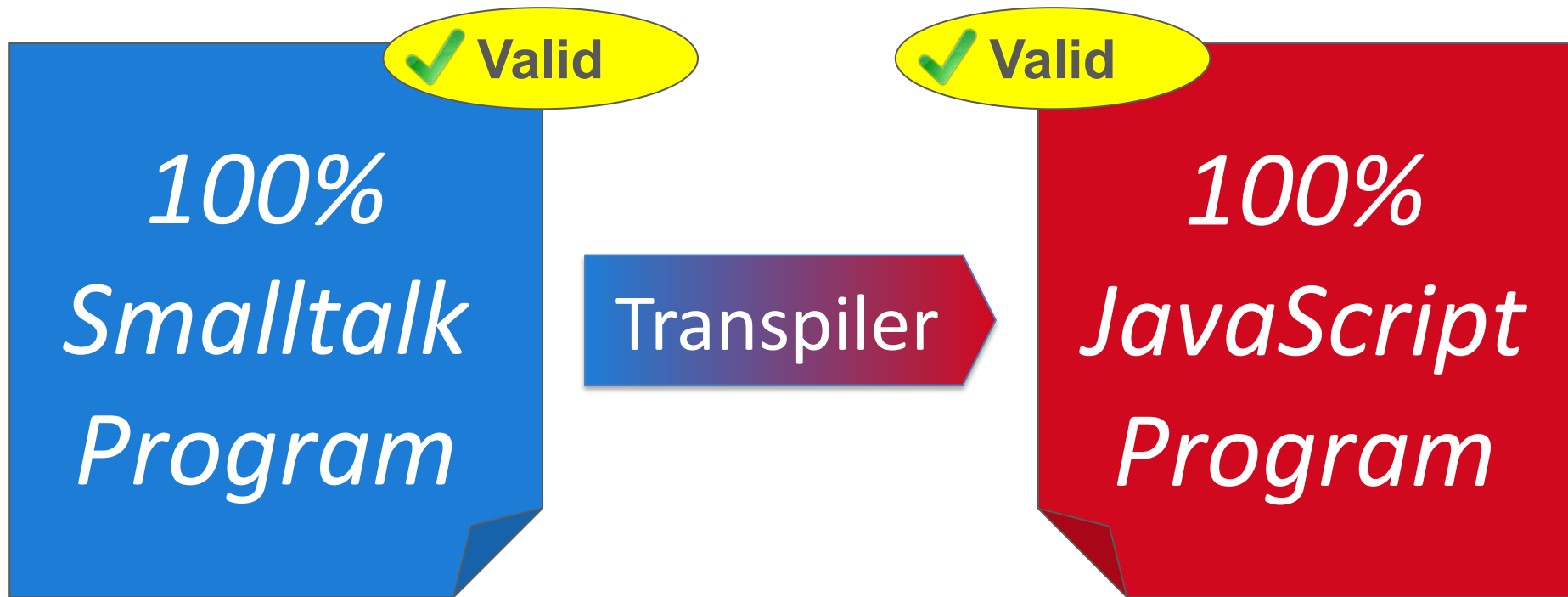
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*100%
Smalltalk
Program*

Transpiler

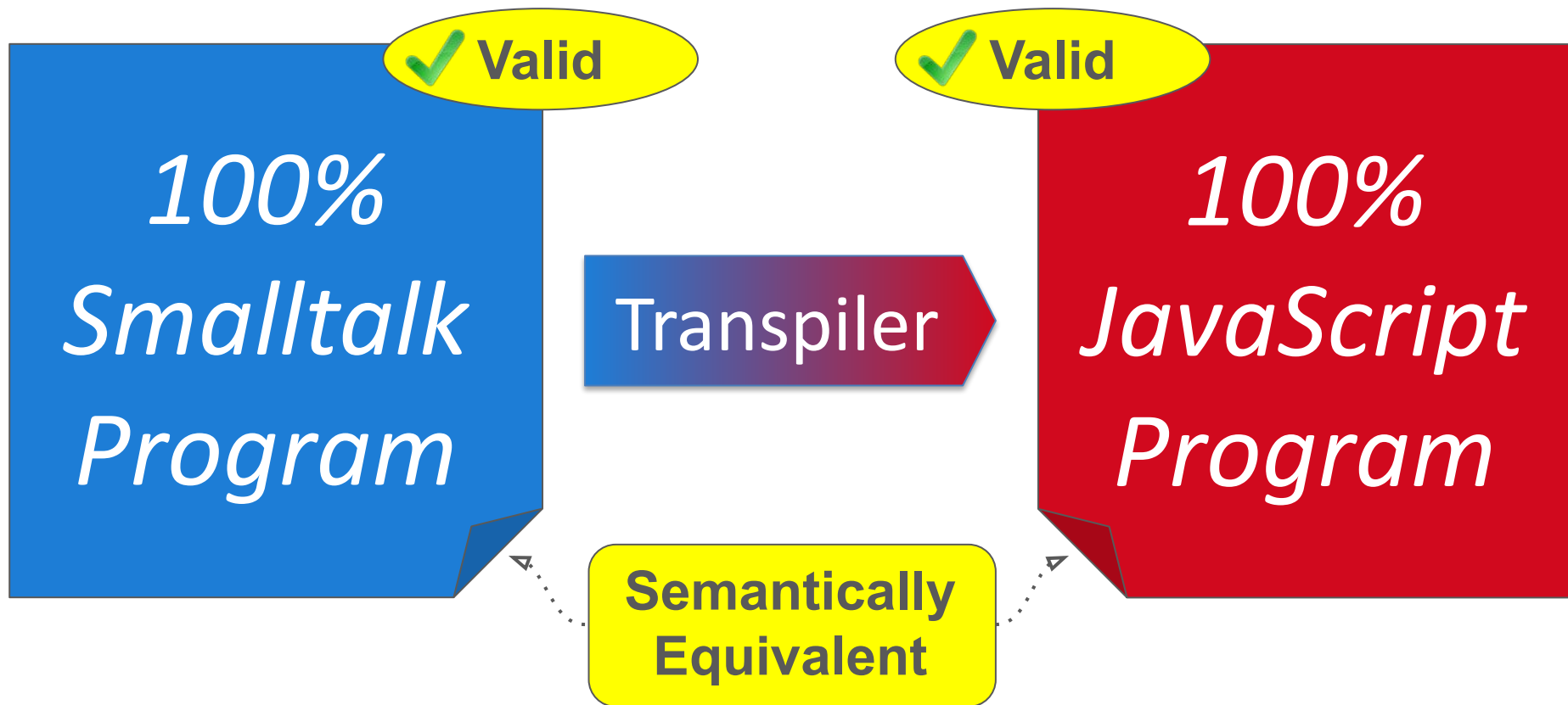
*100%
JavaScript
Program*

Transpilation = TRANSlation & comPILATION

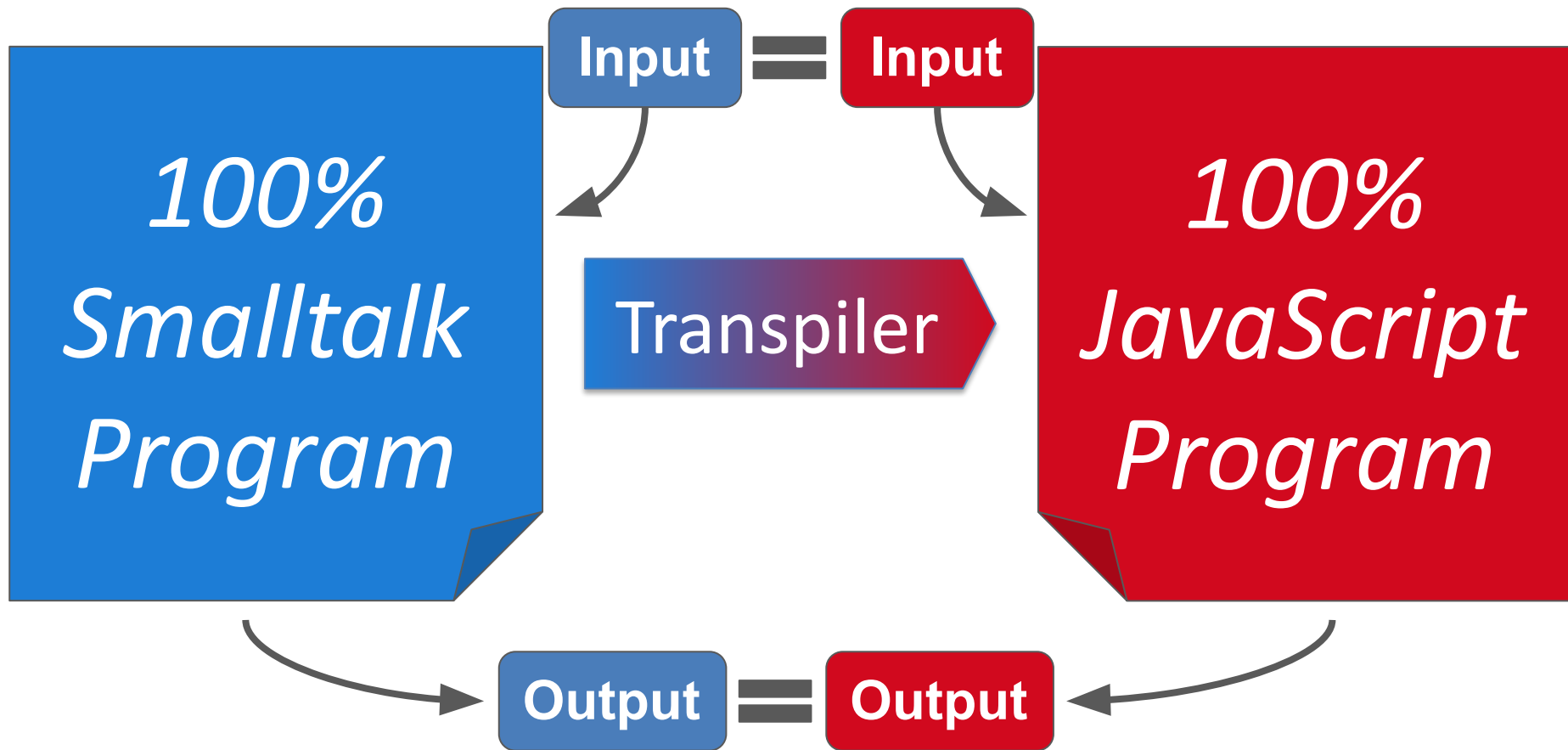


Transpilation = TRANSlation & comPILATION

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Semantic Equivalence



How to Transpile Smalltalk to JavaScript?

How to Transpile Smalltalk to JavaScript?

- Map Smalltalk's **syntax** to JavaScript?
- Map Smalltalk's **reflective kernel** to JavaScript?
- Handle Smalltalk **dependencies with the runtime?**

How to Transpile Smalltalk to JavaScript?

Empirical Study
based on
10 Year
experience with



x to JavaScript?

ative kernel to JavaScript?

ndencies with the runtime?

How to Transpile Smalltalk to JavaScript?

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Challenges Catalog

1. Primitive Types & Literals
2. Messages
3. Block Closures
4. Classes
5. Reflection

Challenges Catalog

Challenges: Primitive Types and Literals

- JS *undefined* and *null* are **Not Objects**.
- JS has an **Impoverished Numeric Stack**.
- **ST Automatically Converts**
 - Between Small Integers & Large Ones.
- ST Supports **Fixed-Point Arithmetic**.
- ST has **Literal Symbols**.

Example: ST Literal Symbols

- JS has a *Symbol* class, but:
 - No literal symbols
 - Simple to fix
 - Map ST symbols to instances of JS Symbol
 - JS Symbol class is not related to String!
 - Complex to fix
 - Make Symbol subclass of String
 - Side-effects?
 - Override some String methods

Challenges: Messages

- **Non-Alphanumeric** Characters in ST Message Selectors
- JS Math-Like Message **Priorities**
- ST Message **Cascading**

Example: Non-Alphanumeric Characters in Selectors

- Simple to fix:

- Replace non-alphanumeric characters with their Ascii code
- ST keyword selectors: 1 string concatenating keywords

- Complex to fix: None

Challenges: Block Closures

Smalltalk Blocks:

- Always **Bind** the Outer Context
- Always **Answer** Some Value
- Support **Non-Local Returns**

Example: Block Returns

- Simple to fix: ST blocks always answer some value
 - ST result := [123]
 - JS result = () => {**return** 123}
- Complex to fix: ST blocks support non-local returns
 - ST condition ifTrue: [^123]
 - JS rely on exceptions

Challenges: ST Classes - 1

- Class Variables
- Pool Variables
- Class Extensions
- Stateful Traits

Challenges: ST Classes - 2

- Class Initialization & Startup/Shutdown Lists
- Methods Always Have a Return Value
- Methods can Have Pragmas
 - Primitive Pragmas Refer to the Virtual Machine

Examples - 1

- Simple to fix: Class Variables

- JS Classes are objects with attributes
- JS encapsulation is optional

```
class A{  
  
    anInstanceMethod(){  
  
        x = A.someClassVariable + 42; }  
  
}  
  
A.someClassVariable = 37;
```

Examples - 2

- Complex to fix: Pragmas such as `#primitive`:
 - Implement the primitive behavior

Challenges: Reflection

- ST **Reifies Messages** Upon Handling Type Errors
- ST Reifies **Execution Contexts**
- ST and JS have different solutions for **Intercepting Method Evaluation**
- Pharo ST **Reifies Slots**
- Pharo ST classes define **Object Format/Layout**

Examples - 1

- Simple to fix: ST DNU Reifies Messages
 - Extend **JS Object** with
 - `doesNotUnderstand()` method
 - default methods for every sent message in ST Code

```
Object.prototype.zork = function(arg1, arg2){  
    return this.doesNotUnderstand(“zork”, arguments)}
```

Examples

- Complex to fix: ST Reifies Execution Contexts
 - ST thisContext

Conclusion

Smalltalk & JavaScript

100% semantic equivalence

via transpilation is

difficult if not impossible!

Conclusion: Not all challenges are equal

- Some challenges are “easy” to address
 - Primitive Types & Literals,
 - Messages,
 - Block Closures
- Several ST capabilities are complex to implement in JS
 - Primitives,
 - thisContext,
 - Reified Slots...

Future Work

- Beyond Transpilation
 - ST and JS **Run-time interoperability** (Production)
 - **Live-coding** with JS objects from the ST (Development)
 - **Reuse JS libraries** (code + globals) in code transcribed from ST
 - **Transpile ST to produce JS libraries** for 3rd parties.
- Methodology?
 - Generalizable to other language pairs? Smalltalk & Python?

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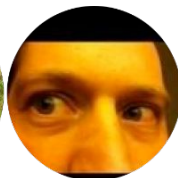


PharoJS.org

Develop in Pharo, Run on JavaScript



Thanks to all the contributors!



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