MethodProxies: A Safe and Fast Message-Passing Control Library

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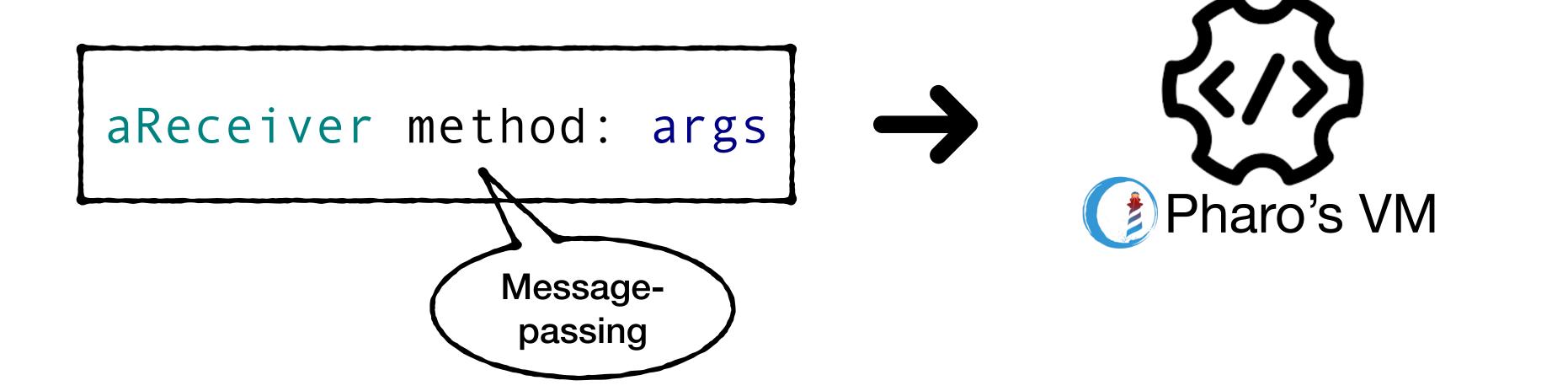




Objects communicate through messages

1. The message #method: is sent to aReceiver

2. Executes #method: into the object aReceiver



Message-passing control

The message is captured

1. The message #method: is sent to aReceiver

aReceiver method: args



2. A user-defined action is executed before the method's execution

#beforeAction

3. Executes #method: into the object aReceiver





4. An action is executed after the execution

#afterAction

Safe Message-Passing Control

- Meta-safe recursion
- Thread safety
- Safe handling of exceptions and non-local returns
- Uninstrumentation

Meta-safe recursion

The library should provide a **meta-safe recursion** prevention to manage recursions **originating from within the instrumented** code.

```
AClass>>foo
    handler before.
    "method code"
    handler after.

Handler>>before
    'foo method called' logMessage.
    anInstanceOfAClass foo.
```

Thread safety

It manage meta-executions in a thread-specific manner. It should ensure that meta-executions are marked uniquely for each thread.

Handling of exceptions and non-local returns

It must ensure that the afterMethod executes under all circumstances, whether an exception or a non-local return occurs.

```
AClass>>foo
handler before.
condition ifAbsent: [ ^ self ].
handler after.
```

Uninstrumentation

It must uninstrument all the methods that were instrumented, restoring them to their original state.

Current Message-Passing Control Techniques

- Source code modification
- run:with:in method hook

```
"Before Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
      temp1
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1
"After Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
    self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse:
     self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler ] ].
        temp1
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1 ] ensure:
        self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
              self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterAction ] ]
```

```
"Before Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
      temp1
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1
"After Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
                                                 Meta checking +
    self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse:
                                                 before action
    self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler
         temp1
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1 ] ensure:
        self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
              self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterAction ] ]
```

```
"Before Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
       temp1
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1
"After Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
     self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse:
     self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler ] ].
         temp1
                                    Original code
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1 ] ensure:
         self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
              self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterAction ] ]
```

```
"Before Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
      temp1
    temp1 := self doSomething.
    ^ temp1
"After Instrumentation"
AClass>>foo
    self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse:
     self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler ] ].
        temp1
                                               Meta checking
    temp1 := self doSomething.
                                               + After action
    ^ temp1 | ensure:
         self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
              self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterAction ]
```

- During the lookup, if the VM does not find an instance of a CompiledMethod, it sends the message #run:with:in to the located method object.
- The run:with:in: technique replaces a compiled method instance with a ProxyObject understanding a run:with:in: message

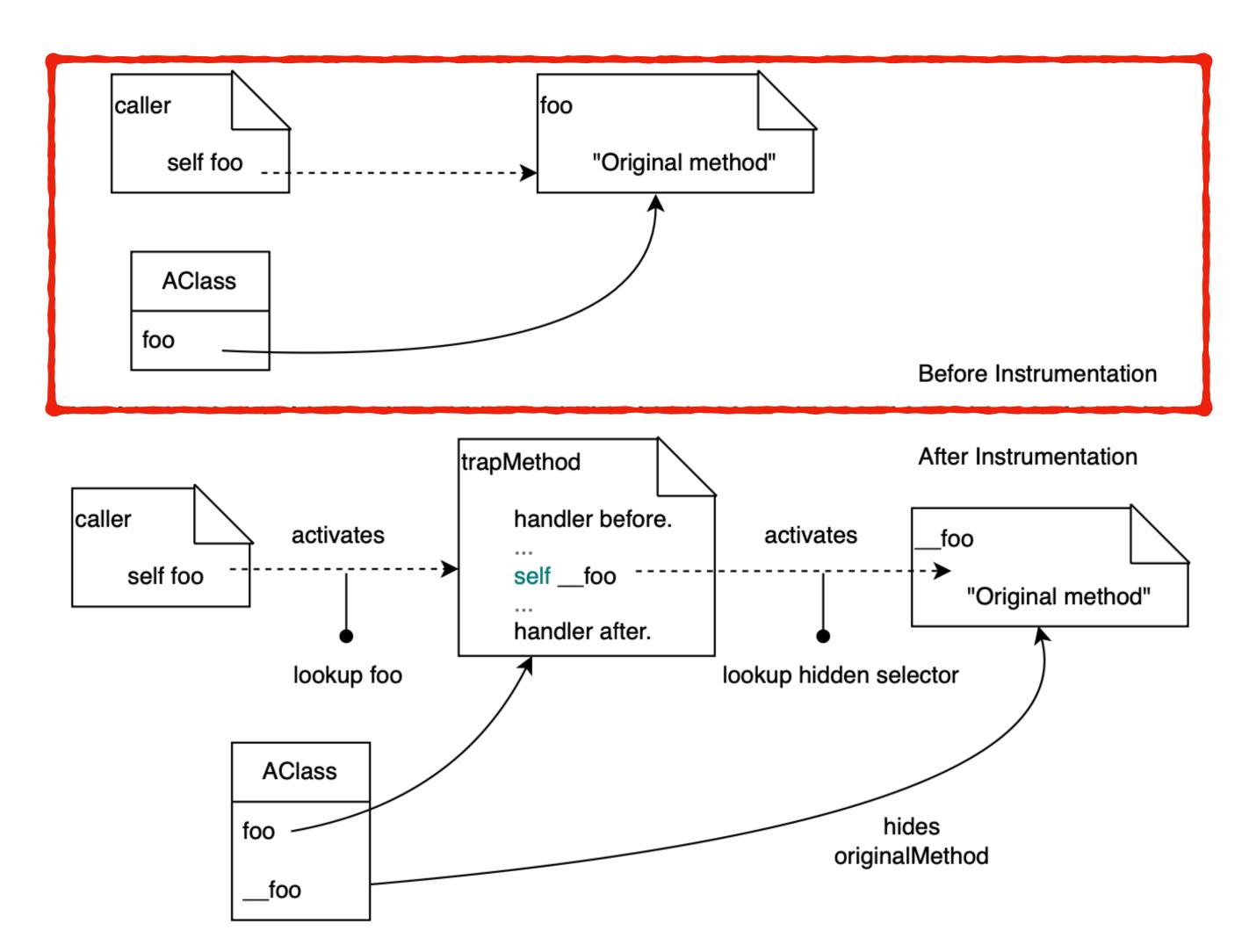
```
ProxyObject >> run: selector with: args in: aReceiver
                                                        Meta checking +
                                                        before action
     self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse:
          self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler] ].
    v := originalMethod valueWithReceiver: aReceiver arguments: args
       ensure:
          self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
               self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterHandler ] ]
```

```
ProxyObject >> run: selector with: args in: aReceiver
     self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
          self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler]
                                                        Original code
     v := originalMethod valueWithReceiver: aReceiver arguments: args
       ensure:
          self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
               self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterHandler ] ]
```

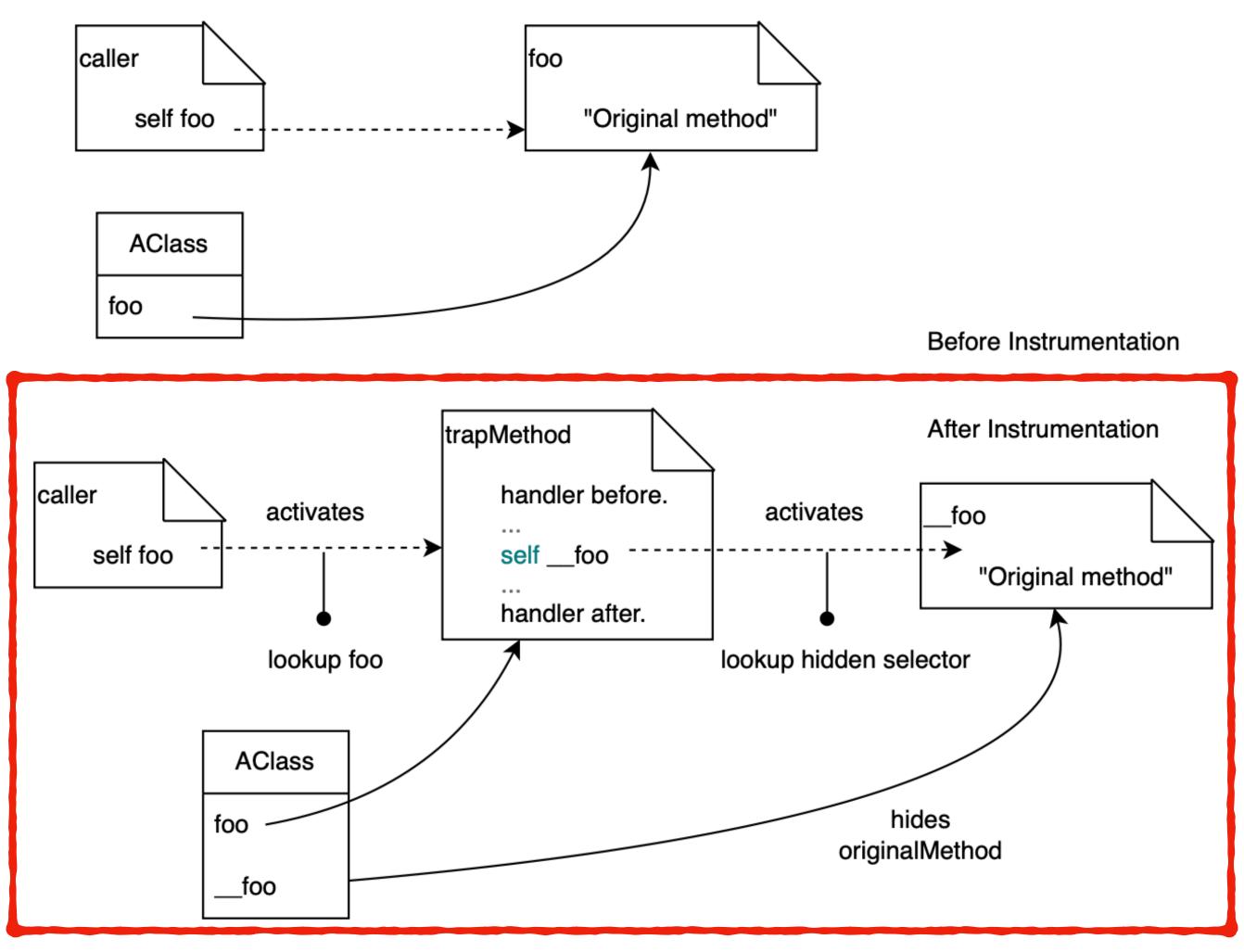
```
ProxyObject >> run: selector with: args in: aReceiver
     self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
          self runInMetaLevel: [ #beforeHandler] ].
    v := originalMethod valueWithReceiver: aReceiver arguments: args
       ensure:
          self isMetaForActiveProcess ifFalse: [
               self runInMetaLevel: [ #afterHandler ] ]
```

Meta checking + After action

MethodProxies



MethodProxies



```
AClass>> foo: args
    "This is not a primitive, just a marker"
    frimitive: 198>
    "The unwind handler should be the first temp.
    The complete flag should be the second temp."
     | deactivator complete result |
    deactivator := #deactivator.
    #beforeHandler.
    result := self ___foo: args.
    #afterHandler.
    "Mark the execution as complete to avoid double
     execution of the unwind handler"
    complete := true.
    ^ result
```

```
AClass>> foo: args
    "This is not a primitive, just a marker"
    frimitive: 198>
    "The unwind handler should be the first temp.
    The complete flag should be the second temp."
      deactivator complete result
    deactivator := #deactivator.
    #beforeHandler.
    result := self ___foo: args.
    #afterHandler.
    "Mark the execution as complete to avoid double
    execution of the unwind handler"
    complete := true.
    ^ result
```

```
AClass>> foo: args
    "This is not a primitive, just a marker"
    primitive: 198>
    "The unwind handler should be the first temp.
    The complete flag should be the second temp."
     deactivator complete result
    deactivator := #deactivator.
    #beforeHandler.
    result := self ___foo: args.
    #afterHandler.
    "Mark the execution as complete to avoid double
    execution of the unwind handler"
    complete := true.
    ^ result
```

```
AClass>> foo: args
    "This is not a primitive, just a marker"
    frimitive: 198>
    "The unwind handler should be the first temp.
    The complete flag should be the second temp."
    deactivator complete result
    deactivator := #deactivator.
    #beforeHandler.
    result := self ___foo: args.
    #afterHandler.
    "Mark the execution as complete to avoid double
    execution of the unwind handler"
    complete := true.
    ^ result
```

Experimental Setup

- RQ1 Instrumentation and uninstrumentation overhead
- RQ2 Execution overhead

Projects under analysis

• We define as a benchmark the execution of a project's test suites.

Project's name	Description	# methods	# tests
Compression	It provides compression and decompressing utilities.	387	29
File System Manager	Pharo's file system manager.	1426	450
Microdown	A markup language based on Markdown.	1041	472
AST	Pharo's abstract syntax tree (AST) representation.	1591	641

Analysis Tools Under Study

- Method call graph
- Method coverage
- No-action instrumentation

Techniques Under Analysis

- MethodProxies
- #run:with:in
- Source code modification

Benchmark Metrics

Overhead time

$$Overhead = I / NI$$

Instrumentation overhead

Instrumentation $Overhead = insTime \mid lowInsTime$

Uninstrumentation overhead

 $Uninstrumentation\ Overhead = uninsTime\ /\ lowUninsTime$

RQ1 Instrumentation Overhead

Instrumentation overhead in milliseconds

	MethodProxie	s run:with:in:	Source code mod	dification
		No-action tool		
FileSystem Microdown Compression AST	$ \begin{vmatrix} 2.13 \times \pm 0.03 \\ 1.64 \times \pm 0.02 \\ 1.17 \times \pm 0.03 \\ 2.37 \times \pm 0.03 \end{vmatrix} $	$1.43 \times \pm 0.01$ $1.15 \times \pm 0.01$ $1.0 \times \pm 0.0$ $1.53 \times \pm 0.04$	$20.78 \times \pm 0.07$ $12.46 \times \pm 0.06$ $6.36 \times \pm 0.0$ $148.92 \times \pm 2.02$	Best time for all cases
		Call graph tool		
FileSystem Microdown Compression AST	$2.14 \times \pm 0.0$ $1.63 \times \pm 0.02$ $1.17 \times \pm 0.04$ $2.38 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.43 \times \pm 0.01$ $1.16 \times \pm 0.03$ $1.0 \times \pm 0.0$ $1.57 \times \pm 0.0$	$25.5 \times \pm 0.12$ $13.3 \times \pm 0.08$ $6.65 \times \pm 0.03$ $282.37 \times \pm 8.68$	
	Met	hod coverage too	l	
FileSystem Microdown Compression AST	$2.14 \times \pm 0.0$ $1.65 \times \pm 0.01$ $1.16 \times \pm 0.03$ $2.36 \times \pm 0.01$	$1.43 \times \pm 0.0$ $1.16 \times \pm 0.03$ $1.0 \times \pm 0.0$ $1.56 \times \pm 0.02$	$22.81 \times \pm 0.1$ $13.04 \times \pm 0.08$ $6.57 \times \pm 0.02$ $199.28 \times \pm 3.67$	

RQ1 Instrumentation Overhead

Instrumentation overhead in milliseconds

	MethodProxies	run:with:in:	Source code mo	odification	•
	No	o-action tool			•
FileSystem	2.13 × ±0.03	$1.43 \times \pm 0.01$	$20.78 \times \pm 0.07$		
Microdown	$1.64 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.15 \times \pm 0.01$	$12.46 \times \pm 0.06$		
Compression	$1.17 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$6.36 \times \pm 0.0$		
AST	$2.37 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.53 \times \pm 0.04$	$148.92 \times \pm 2.02$		
	Ca	ll graph tool			•
FileSystem	$2.14 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.43 \times \pm 0.01$	$25.5 \times \pm 0.12$		•
Microdown	$1.63 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.16 \times \pm 0.03$	$13.3 \times \pm 0.08$	Wc	orst time
Compression	$1.17 \times \pm 0.04$	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$6.65 \times \pm 0.03$	all	cases
AST	$2.38 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.57 \times \pm 0.0$	$282.37 \times \pm 8.68$	an	00000
	Metho	d coverage too			•
FileSystem	2.14 × ±0.0	$1.43 \times \pm 0.0$	$22.81 \times \pm 0.1$		•
Microdown	$1.65 \times \pm 0.01$	$1.16 \times \pm 0.03$	$13.04 \times \pm 0.08$		
Compression	$1.16 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$6.57 \times \pm 0.02$		
AST	$2.36 \times \pm 0.01$	$1.56 \times \pm 0.02$	$199.28 \times \pm 3.67$		

RQ1 Instrumentation Overhead

Instrumentation overhead in milliseconds

	MethodProxies	run:with:in:	Source code modification		
No-action tool					
FileSystem	$2.13 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.43 \times \pm 0.01$	$20.78 \times \pm 0.07$		
Microdown	$1.64 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.15 \times \pm 0.01$	$12.46 \times \pm 0.06$		
Compression	$1.17 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$6.36 \times \pm 0.0$		
AST	$2.37 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.53 \times \pm 0.04$	$148.92 \times \pm 2.02$		
	Call graph tool				
FileSystem	$2.14 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.43 \times \pm 0.01$	$25.5 \times \pm 0.12$		
Microdown	$1.63 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.16 \times \pm 0.03$	$13.3 \times \pm 0.08$		
Compression	$1.17 \times \pm 0.04$	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$6.65 \times \pm 0.03$		
AST	$2.38 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.57 \times \pm 0.0$	$282.37 \times \pm 8.68$		
	Method coverage tool				
FileSystem	$2.14 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.43 \times \pm 0.0$	$22.81 \times \pm 0.1$		
Microdown	$1.65 \times \pm 0.01$	$1.16 \times \pm 0.03$	$13.04 \times \pm 0.08$		
Compression	$1.16 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$6.57 \times \pm 0.02$		
AST	$2.36 \times \pm 0.01$	$1.56 \times \pm 0.02$	$199.28 \times \pm 3.67$		

Close to #run:with:in

RQ1 Uninstrumentation Overhead

Uninstrumentation overhead in milliseconds

	MethodProxies	run:with:in:	Source code modification			
	No-action tool					
FileSystem	1.78 × ±0.01	$1.14 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.65 \times \pm 0.02$			
Microdown	$1.17 \times \pm 0.04$	$1.08 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.3 \times \pm 0.03$			
Compression	$1.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.07 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.07 \times \pm 0.0$			
AST	$1.92 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.21 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.93 \times \pm 0.01$			
	Ca	ll graph tool				
FileSystem	$1.86 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.21 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.58 \times \pm 0.02$			
Microdown	$1.29 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.21 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.35 \times \pm 0.02$			
Compression	$1.07 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.15 \times \pm 0.01$	$1.14 \times \pm 0.02$			
AST	$2.0 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.29 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.92 \times \pm 0.02$			
	Method coverage tool					
FileSystem	1.85 × ±0.01	$1.21 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.5 \times \pm 0.0$			
Microdown	$1.24 \times \pm 0.03$	$1.15 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.27 \times \pm 0.03$			
Compression	$1.07 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.14 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.12 \times \pm 0.03$			
AST	$1.94 \times \pm 0.02$	$1.29 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.79 \times \pm 0.01$			

RQ1 Conclusion

Instrumentation

- MethodProxies incurs an instrumentation overhead ranging from 1.16 to 2.38 × compared to the fastest time of run:with:in:
- It is significantly faster than the source code modification technique.

Uninstrumentation

There are no big differences among all the techniques

RQ2 Execution Overhead

Overhead for executing the instrumented code

Fastest	in	all
cases		

	MethodProxies	run:with:in:	Source code modification		
	No-action tool				
FileSystem	$1.03 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.17 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.08 \times \pm 0.0$		
Microdown	$0.91 \times \pm 0.1$	$17.98 \times \pm 1.05$	$6.14 \times \pm 0.16$		
Compression	$ 1.05 \times \pm 0.0$	$9.33 \times \pm 0.22$	$3.31 \times \pm 0.01$		
AST	$5.15 \times \pm 0.05$	$47.92 \times \pm 2.75$	$23.33 \times \pm 0.06$		
	C	all graph tool			
FileSystem	1.07 × ±0.0	$1.22 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.11 \times \pm 0.0$		
Microdown	$ 4.35 \times \pm 0.2$	$20.87 \times \pm 1.13$	$8.7 \times \pm 0.16$		
Compression	$2.49 \times \pm 0.01$	$10.56 \times \pm 0.13$	$4.35 \times \pm 0.01$		
AST	$25.48 \times \pm 0.23$	$49.87 \times \pm 0.77$	$37.62 \times \pm 0.15$		
	Method coverage tool				
FileSystem	1.05 × ±0.0	$1.19 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.09 \times \pm 0.0$		
Microdown	$2.22 \times \pm 0.11$	$19.18 \times \pm 0.8$	$6.82 \times \pm 0.15$		
Compression	$1.58 \times \pm 0.01$	$9.73 \times \pm 0.23$	$3.59 \times \pm 0.01$		
AST	$11.61 \times \pm 0.13$	$44.08 \times \pm 0.62$	$28.89 \times \pm 0.09$		

RQ2 Execution Overhead

Overhead for executing the instrumented code

	MethodProxies	run:with:in:	Source code modification			
No-action tool						
FileSystem	1.03 × ±0.0	$1.17 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.08 \times \pm 0.0$			
Microdown	$0.91 imes \pm 0.1$	$17.98 \times \pm 1.05$	$6.14 \times \pm 0.16$			
Compression	$1.05 \times \pm 0.0$	$9.33 \times \pm 0.22$	$3.31 \times \pm 0.01$			
AST	$5.15 \times \pm 0.05$	$47.92 \times \pm 2.75$	$23.33 \times \pm 0.06$			
	Ca	all graph tool				
FileSystem	1.07 × ±0.0	1.22 × ±0.0	$1.11 \times \pm 0.0$			
Microdown	$4.35 \times \pm 0.2$	$20.87 \times \pm 1.13$	$8.7 \times \pm 0.16$			
Compression	$2.49 \times \pm 0.01$	$10.56 \times \pm 0.13$	$4.35 \times \pm 0.01$			
AST	$25.48 \times \pm 0.23$	$49.87 \times \pm 0.77$	$37.62 \times \pm 0.15$			
Method coverage tool						
FileSystem	1.05 × ±0.0	$1.19 \times \pm 0.0$	$1.09 \times \pm 0.0$			
Microdown	$2.22 \times \pm 0.11$	$19.18 \times \pm 0.8$	$6.82 \times \pm 0.15$			
Compression	$1.58 \times \pm 0.01$	$9.73 \times \pm 0.23$	$3.59 \times \pm 0.01$			
AST	$11.61 \times \pm 0.13$	$44.08 \times \pm 0.62$	$28.89 \times \pm 0.09$			

RQ2 Conclusion

 Among all benchmarks and analysis tools, MethodProxies has the lowest execution overhead

More in the paper!

MethodProxies: A Safe and Fast Message-Passing Control Library

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Abstract

The injection of monitoring code allows for real-time observation of the program, which has proven instrumental in developing tools that assist developers with various programming tasks. In dynamic languages such as Pharo, renowned for their rich meta-programming capabilities and dynamic method dispatch, such monitoring capabilities are particularly valuable. Message-passing control techniques are commonly used to monitor program execution at the method level, involving the execution of specific code before and after each method invocation. Implementing message-passing control techniques, however, poses many challenges, notably in terms of instrumentation overhead. Additionally, it is crucial for the message-passing mechanism to be safe: *i.e.*, to accommodate recursive and reflective scenarios to ensure that it does not alter the execution of the monitored program, which could potentially lead to infinite loops or other unintended consequences.

Over the years, numerous techniques have been proposed to optimize message-passing control. This paper introduces MethodProxies, a message-passing instrumentation library that offers minimal overhead and is safe. We conduct a comparison between MethodProxies and two commonly used techniques implemented in the Pharo programming language: method substitution using the run:with:in: hook and source code modification. Our results demonstrate that MethodProxies offers significantly lower overhead compared to the other two techniques and is safe against infinite recursion.

Keywords

instrumentation, message-passing control, error handling, method compilation

- More implementation details
- Detailed research questions
- Discussion and threats to validity

MethodProxies: a Safe and Fast Library

- MethodProxies is safe and fast
- MethodProxies has the lowest execution overhead
- It allows to instrument any method on the system
- We use it on several tools and applications to make the instrumentation



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