Classboxes: A Minimal Module Model Supporting Local Class Extension

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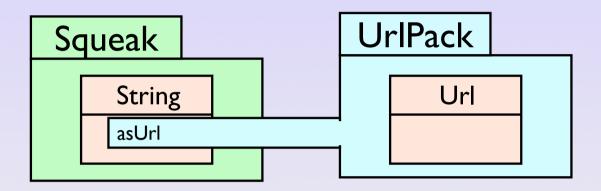
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Outline

- 1. Class Extension
- 2. Supporting Unanticipated Changes
- 3. The Classbox Model
- 4. Local Rebinding
- 5. Implementation
- 6. Conclusion

Class Extension

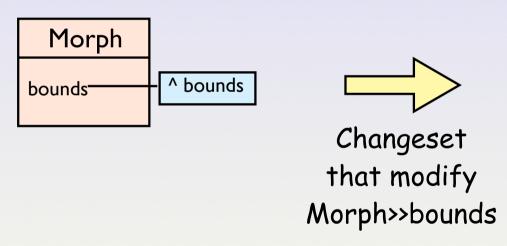


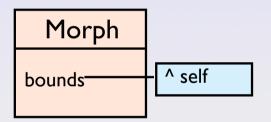
- Adding a new method or redefining one on an already existing class is a class extension
- Decoupling a class definition from method definitions
- Relevant: HyperJ, AspectJ, MultiJava,
 Smalltalk, Clos, ...

In Smalltalk-80

- Class extensions are global
- Any application can modify any class in the system
- Three consequences:
 - Conflicts may arise (e.g., two applications bring the same extensions)
 - Robustness aspect (e.g., an application may redefine a critical method)
 - Implicit dependencies

In Squeak...





Result: unrecoverable crash

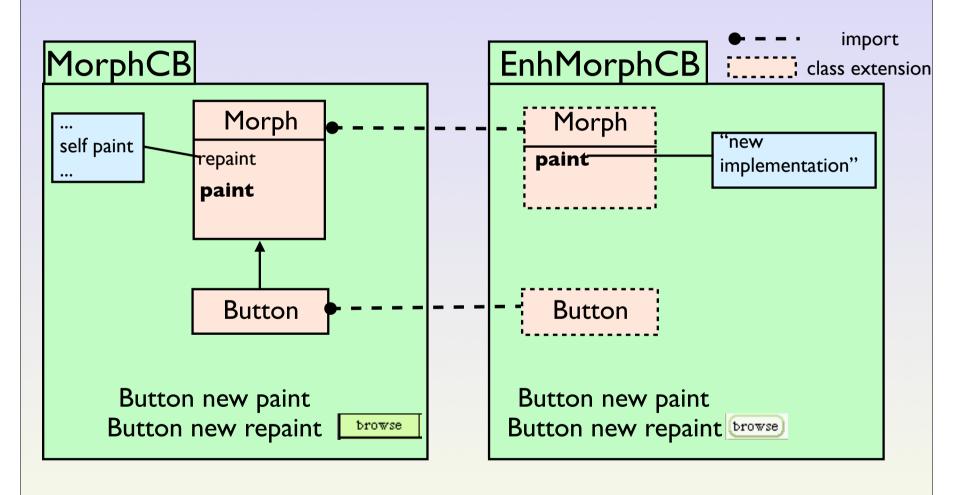
Supporting Unanticipated Changes

- Java, Modula3 provide package mechanism and no class extension
- AspectJ, Smalltalk, CLOS provide class extension and weak packages
- How to combine module + class extension?
- Scoped changes: avoiding globality and reconciling with security

The Classbox Model

- A classbox is a unit of scoping (it behaves as a namespace).
- Within a classbox:
 - Classes can be defined
 - Classes can be imported from other classboxes
 - Methods can be defined on any visible class
 - Code can be evaluated
- Local redefinitions take precedence over previous definitions

Local Rebinding

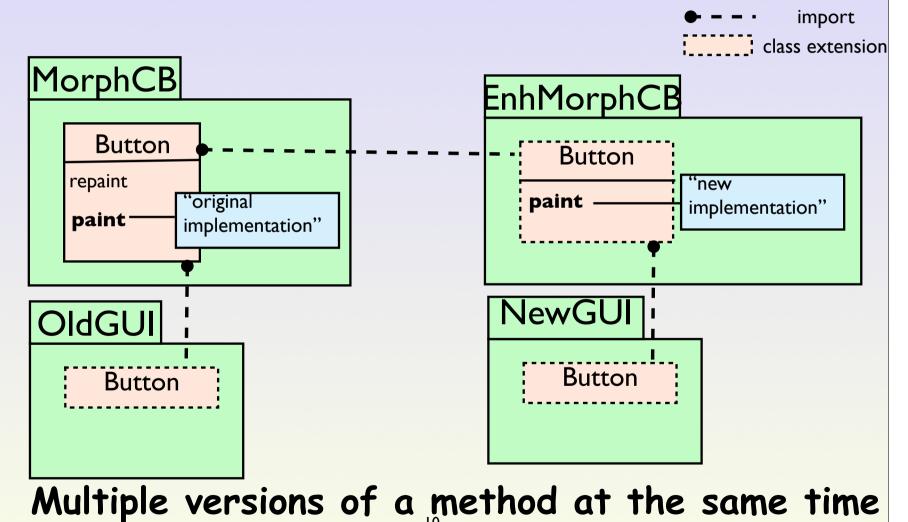


Flatten view within a classbox

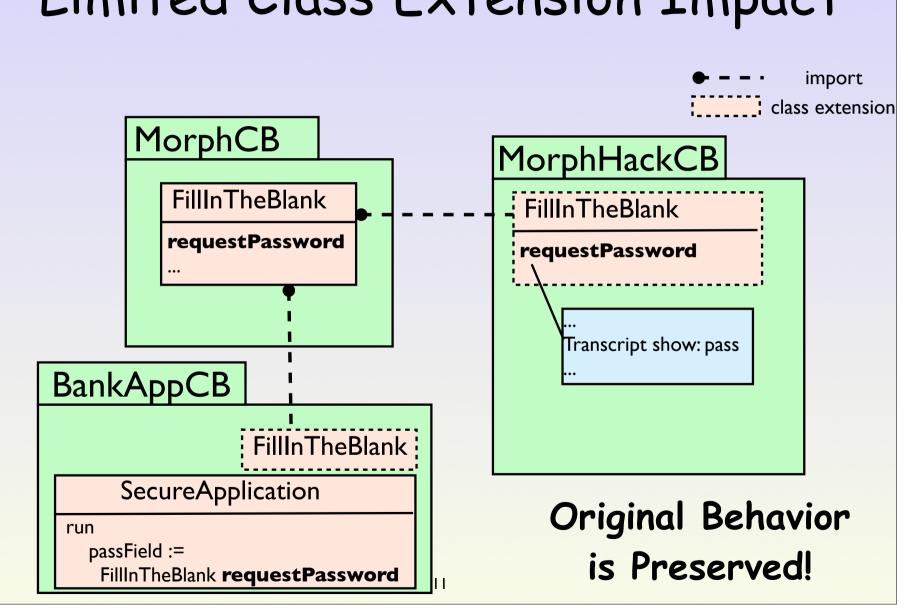
Properties of the Model

- From within a classbox: flattened view of the world.
- Local changes are as if they would have been global.
- Extending some classes does not impact their clients.





Limited Class Extension Impact



Implementation

- In Squeak, an open-source Smalltalk.
- New method lookup semantics.
- No need to modify the VM.
- Uses a cache mechanism.
- Cache is checked in redefined methods by adding 5 extra byte-codes.
- No overhead for added method invocation
- Redefined method invocation (worst case): 2.5 times

Conclusion

- Secure module system for controlling class extensions:
 - Control the visibility of method addition and replacement
 - Support for unanticipated evolution
- New method lookup semantics
 - Use of a cache mechanism

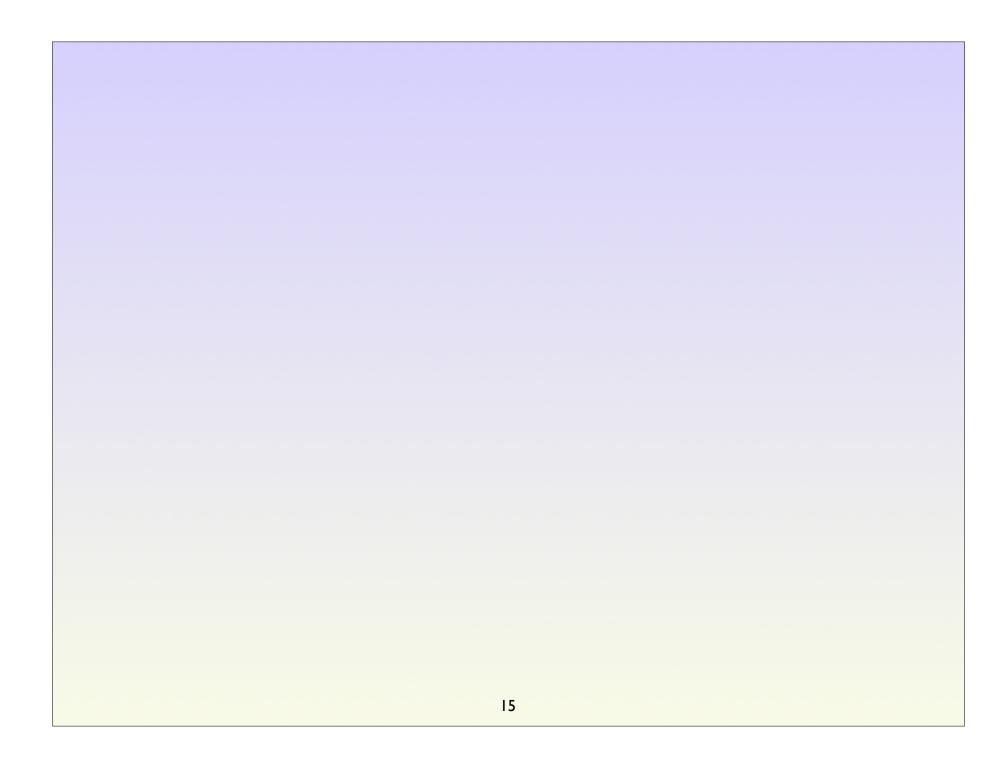
The Classbox Model

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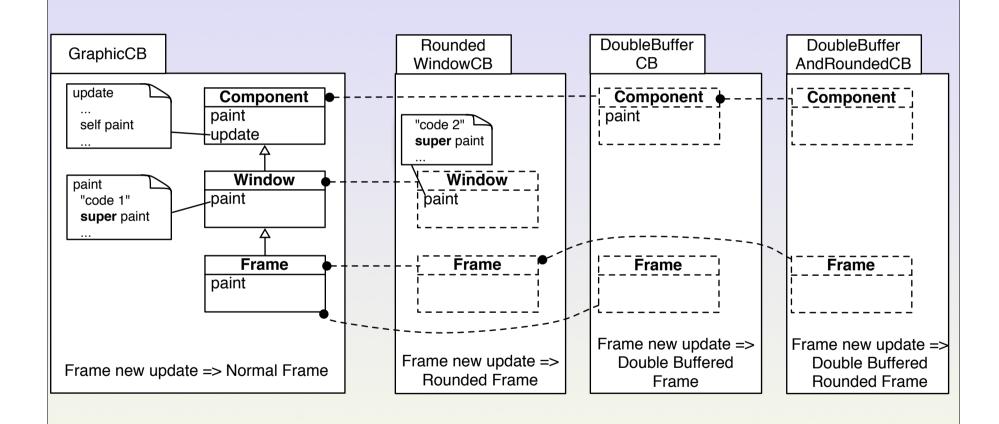
http://www.iam.unibe.ch/~scg

or Ask google.com about classbox

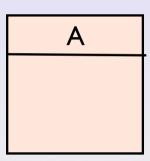
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Import Before Inheritance

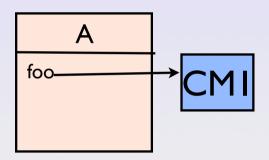


Cache Mechanism (1/4)



Class creation

Cache Mechanism (2/4)



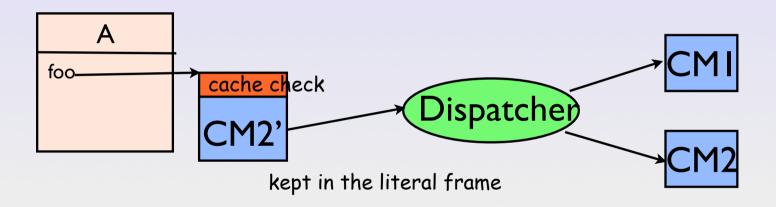
Method addition

Cache Mechanism (3/4)



Method redefinition

Cache Mechanism (4/4)



Method execution: A new foo

 Model composed of 3 classes: Classbox, ClassboxSystem and Dispatcher

Scope of a Method

